

Διαγώνισμα

A

A1) Είμαστε $f(x) = y \rightarrow f^{-1}(y) = x$

Αν ένα μέτρο $M(u, v)$ αντιστοιχίζει σε γραμμική παύση C της f
 τότε το $M'(b, a)$ αντιστοιχίζει σε γραμμική παύση C' της f^{-1}
 και αντισφαιρεί

A2) Η f ως κορυφή ελαχίστου, αν $f(x) \geq f(x_0) \quad \forall x \in A$

A3

$\alpha - \Sigma$

$\beta - \Sigma$

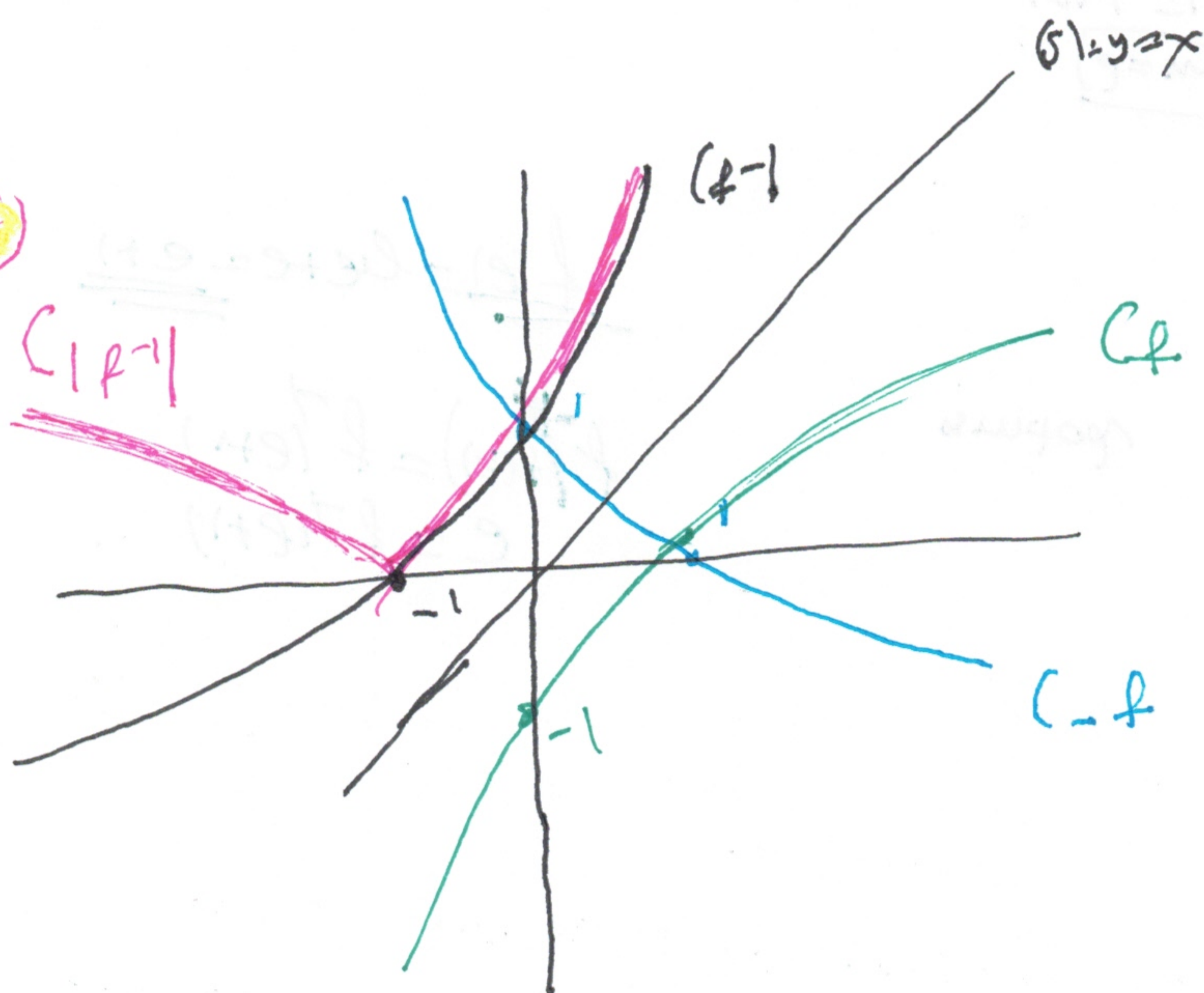
$\gamma - \wedge$

$\delta - \Sigma$

A4

$f'(x) = x^4 - x^2 + 1 \rightarrow f'(-1) = 1 \rightarrow f' : \text{στο } -1 \rightarrow 1$
 $f''(-1) = 1$

A5



B

$$h(x) = x e^x, x \in \mathbb{R}$$

$$g(x) = \ln x, x \in (0, +\infty)$$

B₁

$$f = g \circ h$$

$$A_f = \{x \in A_h : h(x) \in A_g\} = (0, +\infty)$$

$$\text{Domain } x \in \mathbb{R} \quad \left| \quad \begin{array}{l} \text{can} \\ \text{cancel} \\ \text{out} \end{array} \right. \quad x > 0$$

$$f(x) = g(h(x)) = \ln(x e^x) = \ln x + \ln e^x = \ln x + x, x > 0$$

B₂ $\forall x_1, x_2 \in (0, +\infty) \text{ if } x_1 < x_2 \rightarrow \ln x_1 < \ln x_2 \quad (+) \rightarrow \ln x_1 + x_1 < \ln x_2 + x_2$
 $f(x_1) < f(x_2)$
 $[f, \infty)$

B₃ $\lim_{m \rightarrow \infty} \ln\left(\frac{m}{e}\right) = e - m \Rightarrow \ln m - \ln e = e - m$
 $\ln m + m = \ln e + e$
 $f(m) = f(e)$
 $[m = e]$

B₄ $f^{-1}(e+1) + f(f^{-1}(e)) = \underline{\underline{f(e)}}$

$$\# \quad e + 1 = e + 1 \quad \text{proves}$$

$$\underline{\underline{f(e) = \ln e + e = e + 1}}$$

$$f^{-1}(f(e)) = f^{-1}(e+1)$$

$$e = f^{-1}(e+1)$$

(1)

$$f(x) = \frac{e^x - 2}{e^{x+1}}$$

funzione

(1)

$$f(x) = -f(x) \xrightarrow{x=0} f(0) = -f(0) \rightarrow 2f(0) = 0$$

$$\frac{e^0 - 2}{e^{0+1}} = 0 \rightarrow \boxed{2=1}$$

$$f(x) = \frac{e^x - 2}{e^{x+1}} = \frac{e^{x+1} - 2}{e^{x+1}} = \frac{e^{x+1}}{e^{x+1}} - \frac{2}{e^{x+1}} = 1 - \frac{2}{e^{x+1}}$$

(2)

$$x_1 < x_2 \rightarrow e^{x_1} < e^{x_2} \rightarrow e^{x_1+1} < e^{x_2+1} \rightarrow \frac{1}{e^{x_1+1}} > \frac{1}{e^{x_2+1}}$$

$$-\frac{2}{e^{x_1+1}} < -\frac{2}{e^{x_2+1}}$$

$$f(x_1) < f(x_2) \rightarrow$$

(f:1)

$$(13) \text{ A } \mu \text{ f.i.d. } \rightarrow f: I \rightarrow \exists f^{-1}$$

$$f(x) = y \rightarrow 1 - \frac{2}{e^{x+1}} = y \rightarrow \frac{2}{e^{x+1}} = 1 - y \rightarrow \frac{2}{e^{x+1}} = 1 - y \rightarrow e^{x+1} = \frac{2}{1-y} \rightarrow e^x = \frac{1+y}{1-y}$$

$$\text{Esistono } e^x > 0 \rightarrow \frac{1+y}{1-y} > 0 \rightarrow (y+1)(y-1) < 0 \rightarrow -1 < y < 1$$

$$(1-y)e^x = 1+y \rightarrow e^x = \frac{1+y}{1-y}$$

$$x = \ln\left(\frac{1+y}{1-y}\right), -1 < y < 1$$

$$\text{Da } f^{-1}(y) = \ln\left(\frac{1+y}{1-y}\right) / (1,1)$$

(14)

$$(r+1)(e^{f(x)-1}) = (r-1)(e^{f(x)+1})$$

$$\frac{e^{f(x)-1}}{e^{f(x)+1}} = \frac{r-1}{r+1} \rightarrow f(f(x)) = f\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)$$

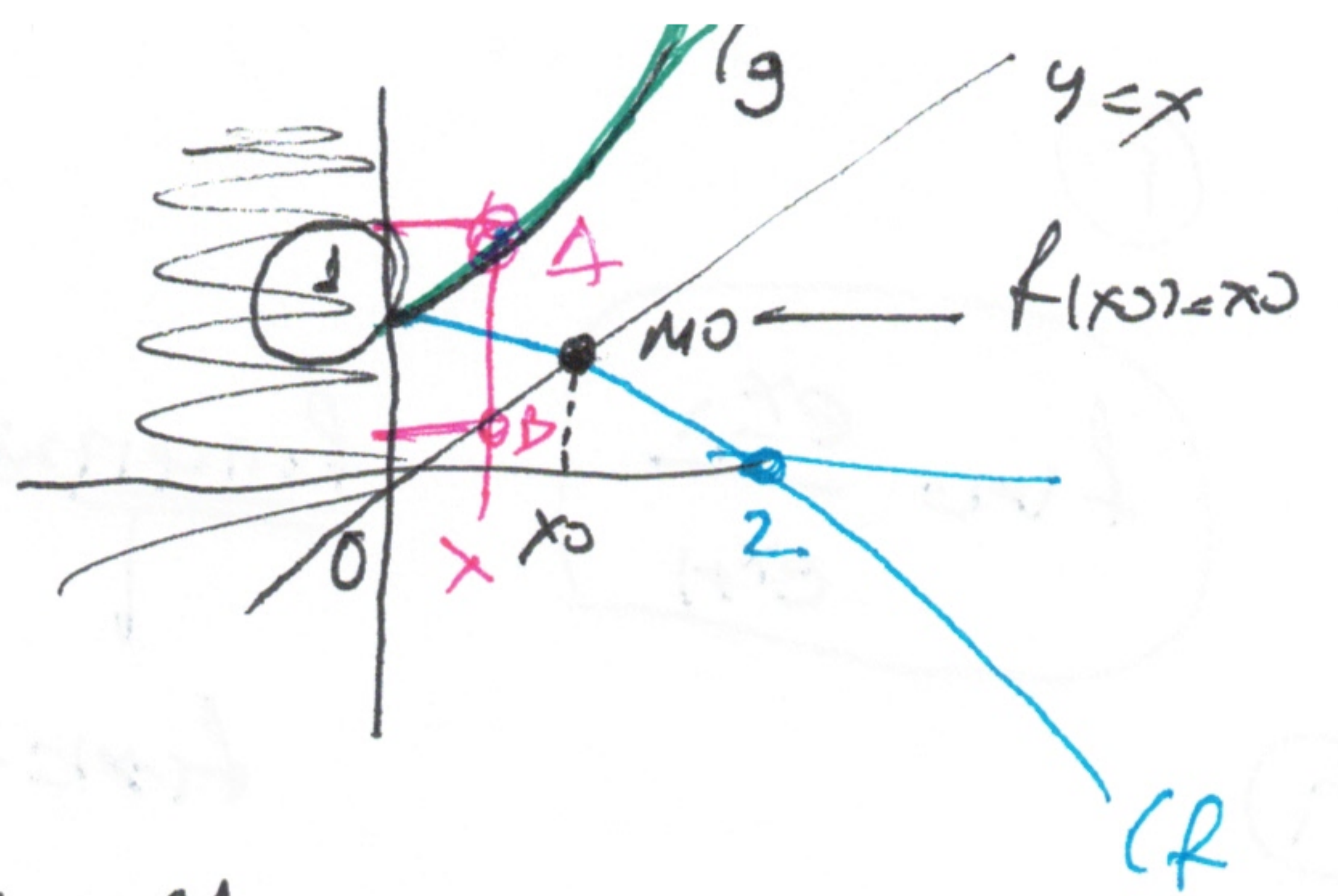
f:1-1

$$f(x) = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$f(1) = \frac{e^1 - 2}{e^{1+1}} = \frac{r-1}{r+1}$$

$$\frac{e^x - 2}{e^{x+1}} = \frac{1}{2} \rightarrow 2e^x - 2 = e^{x+1} \rightarrow e^x = 3 \rightarrow \boxed{x = \ln 3}$$

Δ_4 $g(x) = e^x + x, \quad x \in [0, +\infty)$



Δ_1 $x_1 < x_2 \rightarrow e^{x_1} < e^{x_2} \rightarrow e^{x_1} + x_1 < e^{x_2} + x_2$

$g(x_1) < g(x_2)$

$g: \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$

$x \geq 0 \rightarrow g(x) \geq g(0) = 1$

Ähn u g wachsend

Δ_2

$f: \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}_+$

$f(0) = 1$

$f(x) = 0$

$x \geq 0 \rightarrow f(x) \leq f(0) = 1$

Ähn u f wachsend

Δ_3 $x \geq 0: e^{f(x)} - g(x) = e^{g(x)} - f(x)$

$e^{f(x)} + f(x) = e^{g(x)} + g(x)$

$g(f(x)) = g(g(x)) \rightarrow f(x) = g(x)$

$f(x) = 1$	$x = 0$
$g(x) = 1$	$x = 0$

$x = 0$

Δ_4

$AB = |g(x) - f(x)| \stackrel{g(x) \geq f(x)}{=} g(x) - f(x) = h(x) = e^x + x - f(x)$

$x_1, x_2 \geq 0 \text{ f.ä. } x_1 < x_2 \rightarrow g(x_1) < g(x_2)$

$f(x_1) > f(x_2) \rightarrow -f(x_1) < -f(x_2)$

$g(x_2) - f(x_1) < g(x_2) - f(x_2)$

$h(x_2) < h(x_1)$

$h: \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$

$AB = e^2 + 2 \rightarrow h(x) = e^x + x = h(2)$

$x = 2 \rightarrow \begin{bmatrix} A(2, e^2 + 2) \\ B(2, 0) \end{bmatrix}$

$h(2) = e^2 + 2 - f(2)$

Δ_5

$t(x) = 1 - f^2(x) + 2xf(x) - x^2$

$= 1 - |f(x) - x|^2 \leq 1$

$t(x) \leq t(x_0) \leq 1$

Ähn u t wachsend

$t(x_0) = 1 - (f(x_0) - x_0)^2 = 1$